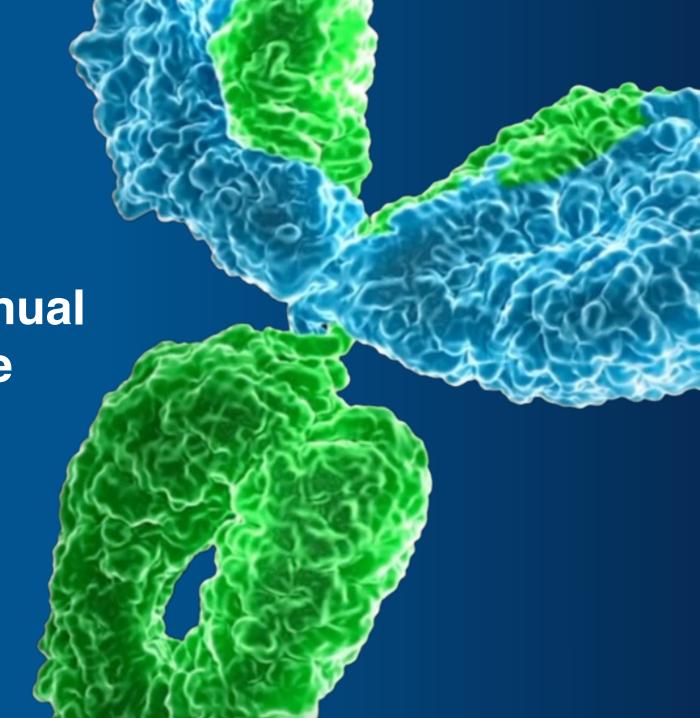


Piper Sandler 35th Annual Healthcare Conference

November 28, 2023

Sutro Biopharma

NASDAQ: STRO



Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation contain "forward-looking" statements that are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to management. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including information concerning our future financial performance, business plans and objectives, current and future clinical activities, timing, design and success of our ongoing and planned clinical trials and related data, updates and results of our clinical trials and related data, timing and success of our planned development activities, our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval, the potential therapeutic benefits and economic value of our product candidates, potential growth opportunities, financing plans, potential future milestone and royalty payments, competitive position, industry environment and potential market opportunities for the Company's product candidates.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, including risks and uncertainties related to our cash forecasts, our and our collaborators' ability to advance our product candidates, the receipt, feedback and timing of potential regulatory submissions, designations, approvals and commercialization of product candidates, the design, timing and results of preclinical and clinical trials, and the expected impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our operations. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. These factors, together with those that may be described in greater detail under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports the company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied by our forward-looking statements.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although our management believes that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance or events and circumstances described in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Moreover, neither we nor our management assume responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this presentation to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations, except as required by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions, and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.



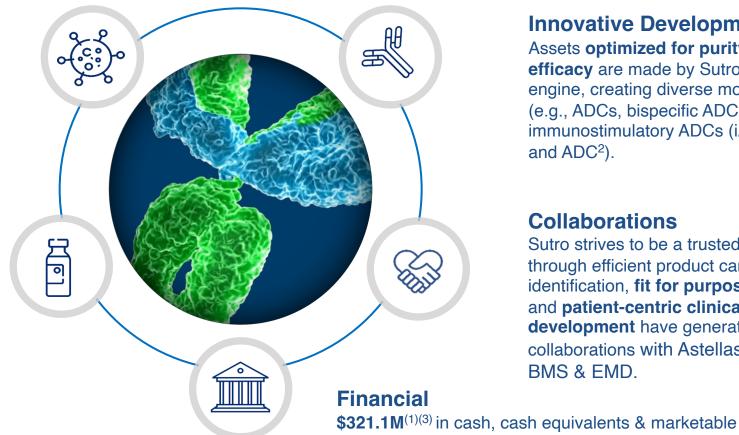
Sutro is a Clinical-Stage Oncology Company Focused on Designing and Developing Precise Biologics, Including ADCs, to Achieve a Wider Therapeutic Window to Benefit More Patients

Luveltamab tazevibulin

Phase 1 data has demonstrated efficacy in ovarian cancer patients with a broad range of FolRa expression levels.

Product Candidates

Multiple candidates for cancers and diseases with high unmet need are in the clinic and were enabled by Sutro's fit-for-purpose discovery and manufacturing platform.



Innovative Development Toolkit

Assets optimized for purity and **efficacy** are made by Sutro's product engine, creating diverse modalities (e.g., ADCs, bispecific ADCs, immunostimulatory ADCs (iADCs), and ADC²).

Collaborations

Sutro strives to be a trusted partner through efficient product candidate identification, fit for purpose design, and patient-centric clinical development have generated collaborations with Astellas, Merck, BMS & EMD.

securities as of September 30, 2023. Projected cash runway into 1H 2025⁽²⁾⁽³⁾. Funding of ~\$785M generated from collaborators as of September 30, 2023⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾.

- Does not include the value of Sutro's holdings of Vaxcyte common stock (Nasdaq: PCVX).
- Based on current business plans and assumptions.
- Does not include the impact of amounts received, received, received, received, received, received, received, received, received and related to potential milestone payments from the Nov 2023 exercise by Vaxcyte of the option under the cell-free extract manufacturing rights agreement with Sutro.

Includes payments and equity investments



Sutro's Robust Pipeline of Product Candidates Demonstrates our Innovative Processes and is Intentionally Designed to Expand Patient Benefit in Areas of High Unmet Need

PROGRAM	MODALITY/TARGET	INDICATION	DISCOVERY	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1/1B	PHASE 2/3	WORLDWIDE OR GEOGRAPHIC PARTNER
SUTRO-LED P	ROGRAMS						
Luveltamab tazevibulin (luvelta,		Ovarian Cancer	Fast Track Designat	ion	A - 274 - 1867		
		Ovarian Cancer (bevacizumab combo)					
	FolRα Antibody- Drug Conjugate (ADC)	Endometrial Cancer					スニカ生物 (Greater China Rights)
STRO-002)	()	CBF/GLIS2 Pediatric AML	Orphan Drug & Rare	Pediatric Disease Designatio	on .		(aroutor orimina riighte)
		Adenocarcinoma, NSCLC				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
STRO-001 ⁽¹⁾	CD74 ADC	B-cell Malignancies	Orphan Drug Designa	ation	and the		BioNOVA Pharma 均 等 度 的 (Greater China Rights)
STRO-003	ROR1 ADC	Solid Tumors & Hematological Cancers				333	
STRO-004	Tissue Factor ADC	Solid Tumors					
PARTNER PRO	GRAMS						
VAX-24	24-Valent Conjugate Vaccine	Invasive Pneumococcal Disease					VAXCYTE gritat humanhindi
MK-1484	Selective IL-2 Agonist	Advanced or Metastatic Solid Tumors				1535	MERCK
Undisclosed Programs	Immunostimulatory ADCs (iADCs)	Cancers	Multiple Programs			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	astellas

^{1.} Phase 1 dose escalation has completed in the U.S., and clinical development is ongoing in Greater China led by BioNova



Recent Achievements and News Ahead

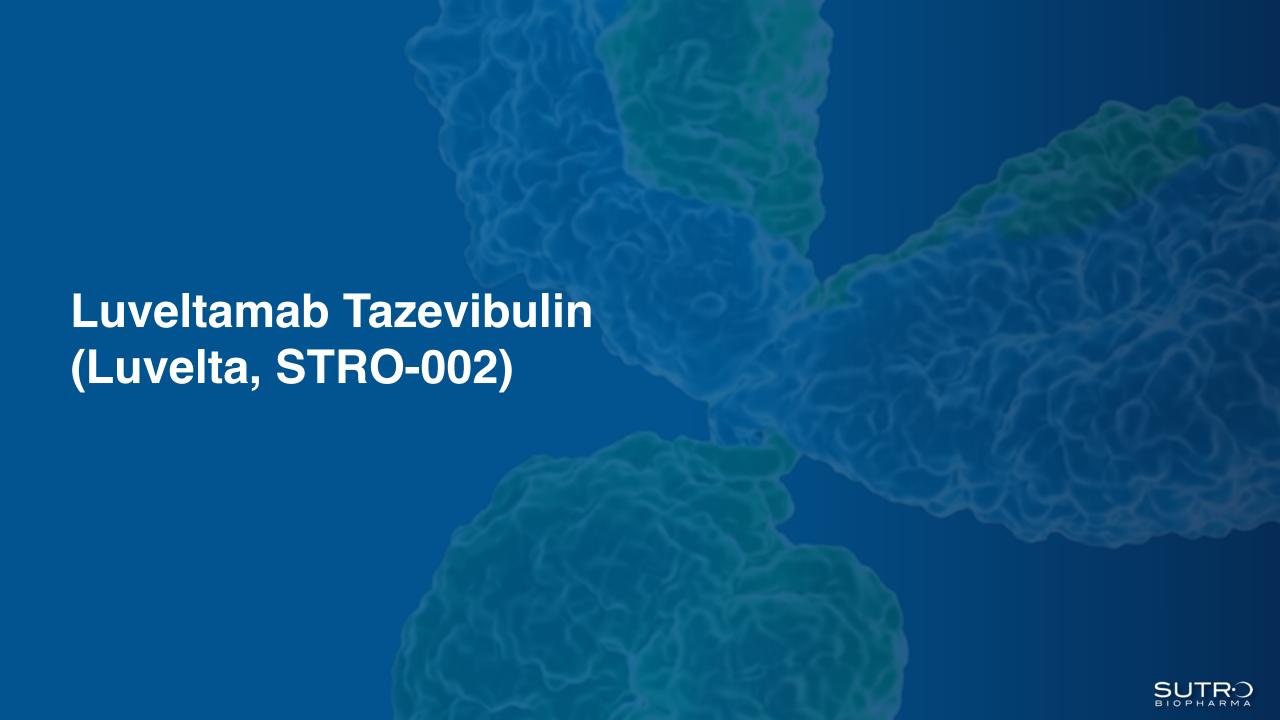
Recent Achievements:

- January 2023: Presented near-final luvelta
 Phase 1 dose-expansion data and regulatory update
- June 2023: Initiated luvelta Phase 2/3 trial,
 REFRaME, in platinum-resistant ovarian cancer
- June 2023: Presented updated luvelta data at ASCO 2023, focused on building awareness in the medical community
- October 2023: Presented data on luvelta Phase 1 endometrial cancer cohort at ESMO as a Mini Oral Presentation

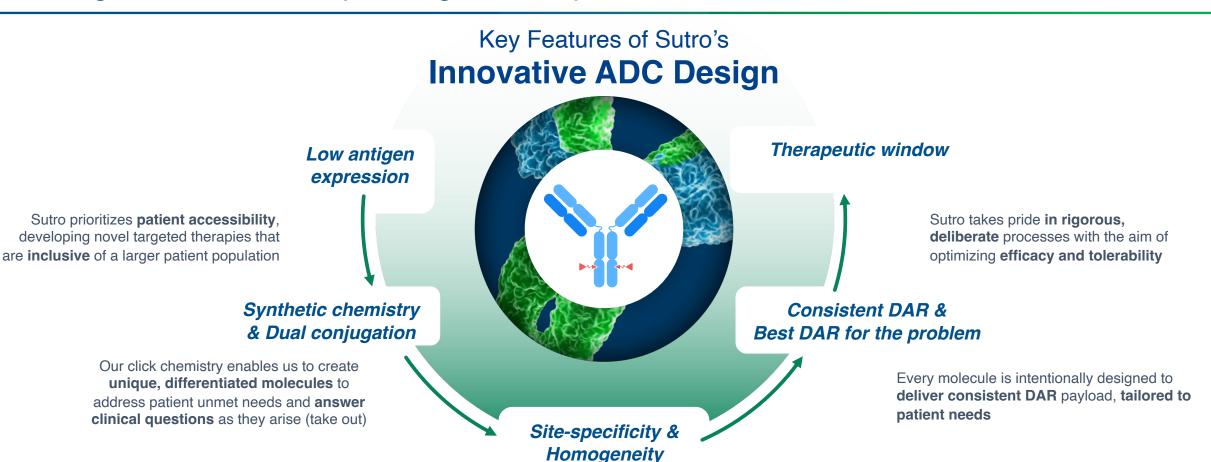
Next Luvelta Update:

December 2023: Updated results from compassionate use of luvelta in patients with CBFA2T3::GLIS2 AML to be presented in a poster at the 65th American Society of Hematology Annual meeting (ASH 2023)





Leadership in Design and Product Optimization Differentiates our Molecules and Brings Value to the Expanding Sutro Pipeline



Because of Sutro's design process, we can prioritize **highest value conjugation sites** - not limited to conventional cysteine/lysine attachments – and **consistently attach at those sites**, thus enhancing drug stability, internalization, and delivery to the tumor

The Sutro Team's relentless pursuit of products with better design serves to benefit patients, physicians, and partners

Luvelta Provides Opportunities for Pipeline-in-a-Drug

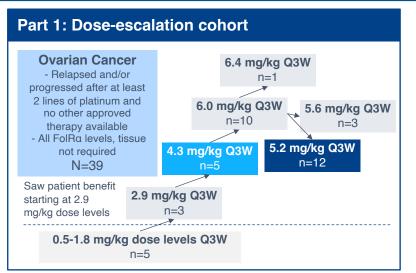
REFRaME the potential patient benefit of FolRa-targeted therapies, beyond gynecological cancer

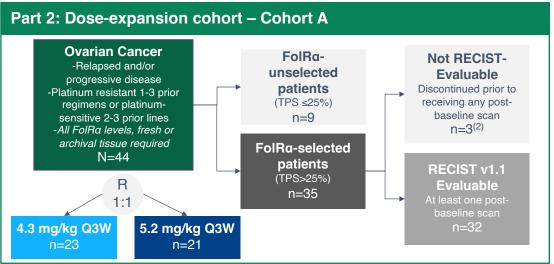
Ovarian Cancer Prevalent drug-treated patients per year (FolRa selected) Platinum-resistant Platinum-resistant	~12k	~15k
Endometrial Cancer Newly diagnosed or newly recurrent patients per year in Stage IV		~5k
Newly diagnosed or newly recurrent patients per year in Stage IV 2L+ (estimate based on preliminary views on FolRa selection)	~12k	~13k
Pediatric AML with CBF/GLIS2 mutation Newly diagnosed patients per year	<100	<100

Sources: 1. Sutro internal estimates, data on file; note these numbers do not consider market access nor FolRa testing rates. 2. DRG reports. 3. US incidence from SEER data, 2022 (accessed Jan. 2023) for <u>ovarian</u>, <u>endometrial</u>, <u>NSCLC</u>. 4. Brown Jones M, et al., Int J Cancer. 2008 Oct 1;123(7):1699-703. 5. American Cancer Society Cancer Facts and Figures for Lung Cancer, 2023. 6. SEER data explorer, 2022 (accessed Jan. 2023). 7. Eidenschink Brodersen L, et al. A recurrent immunophenotype... Leukemia. 2016;30(10):2077-2080. 8. Smith, JL et al. Comprehensive Transcriptome Profiling of Cryptic CBFA2T3-GLIS2 Fusion-Positive AML... Clinical Cancer Research. vol. 26.3 (2020): 726-737.



Two-Part Phase 1 Study for Patients with Advanced Ovarian Cancer⁽¹⁾ Explored dosing regimen and biomarker levels for which luvelta is optimal





Part 2: Cohort C
Ovarian Cancer 5.2 mg/kg Q3W + prophylactic pegfilgrastim on Day 8 N=15 ⁽³⁾

Patient Baseline Demographics – Part 2: Dose-	All F	Patients Enrolled (N	l=44)	FolRa	Cohort C		
Expansion – Cohort A	4.3 mg/kg n=23	5.2 mg/kg n=21	Total N=44	4.3 mg/kg n=19	5.2 mg/kg n=16	Total N=35	Total N=10 ⁽³⁾
Median age (range), years	63 (39–91)	56 (40–72)	60 (39–91)	63 (39–91)	55.5 (45–72)	60 (39–91)	67 (36-86)
Median time since diagnosis (range), years	2.8 (0.8–9.3)	3.0 (0.7–7.8)	2.9 (0.7–9.3)	2.8 (0.9–9.3)	3.5 (1.0–7.8)	3.0 (0.9–9.3)	Mean: 3.0
Mean number of prior lines of therapy	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.5
Prior Therapies							
Prior Bevacizumab, n (%)	13 (57)	16 (76)	29 (66)	12 (63)	12 (75)	24 (69)	6 (60)
Prior PARP inhibitor, n (%)	18 (78)	18 (86)	36 (82)	14 (74)	15 (94)	29 (83)	6 (60)

^{1.} Phase 1 for patients with advanced ovarian cancer is named STRO-001-GM1, clinicaltrials.gov NCT identifier: NCT03748186.

Q3W, every 3-week dosing; RECIST v1.1, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors v1.1; TPS, tumor proportion score.



^{2.} Three patients were not evaluable for RECIST as they discontinued before receiving any post-baseline scan for the following reasons: clinical disease progression, adverse event, and consent withdrawn.

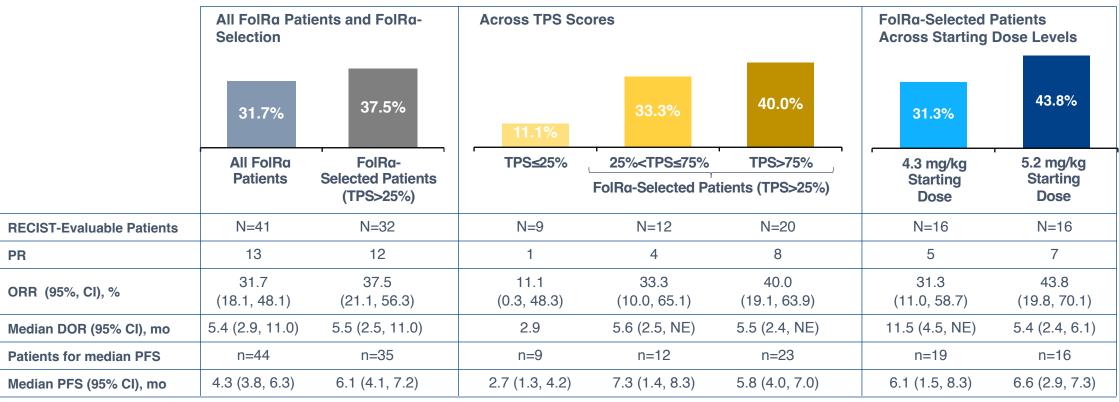
^{3.} Cohort C enrolled 15 patients and interim data on 10 patients were made available as of December 8, 2022.



Luveltamab Tazevibulin (Luvelta) Phase 1 Data Establishes FolRa-Selection Criteria Patients who started at the higher dose level demonstrated higher ORR and median PFS

Dose-expansion efficacy data establishes TPS>25% as appropriate enrichment cutoff for luvelta Patients who started at 5.2 mg/kg experienced 43.8% ORR, 5.4 months median DOR, and 6.6 months median PFS

RECIST-Evaluable ORR (%), Median DOR (%), and Median PFS



Note: Data are as of April 18, 2023.

FolRα-selected defined as TPS>25%.

ORR, overall response rate; DOR, duration of response; PFS, progression free survival; PR, partial response; CI, confidence interval; mo, months; NE, not estimable.

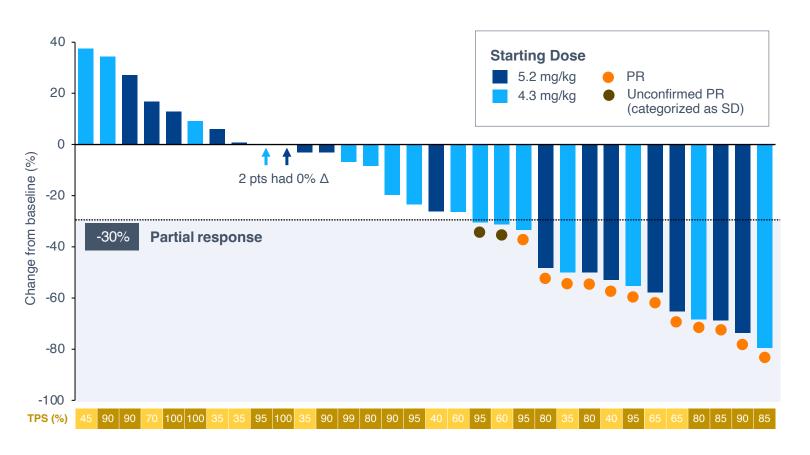


Majority of FolRα-Selected Patients Experienced Disease Control

12 FolRa-selected patients demonstrated confirmed partial response



BOR: Maximum Reduction in Tumor Target Lesions in FolRa-Selected Patients (N=32)⁽¹⁾



BOR in FolRa-Selected Patients (N=32)

	Both Doses N=32	5.2 mg/kg n=16	4.3 mg/kg n=16
PR	12	7	5
ORR %	37.5	43.8	31.3
SD, n (%)	14 (43.8)	6 (37.5)	8 (50.0)
DCR (2) %	81.3%	81.3%	81.3%
PD, n (%)	6 (18.8)	3 (18.8)	3 (18.8)

FolRa Stratification (N=32)

Number of patients (%)	5.2 mg/kg n=16	4.3 mg/kg n=16
25% <tps≤75%< th=""><th>7 (43.8%)</th><th>5 (31.3%)</th></tps≤75%<>	7 (43.8%)	5 (31.3%)
TPS>75%	9 (56.3%)	11 (68.8%)

Note: Data are as of April 18, 2023.

BOR, best overall response; SD, stable disease; DCR, disease control rate; PD, progressive disease.



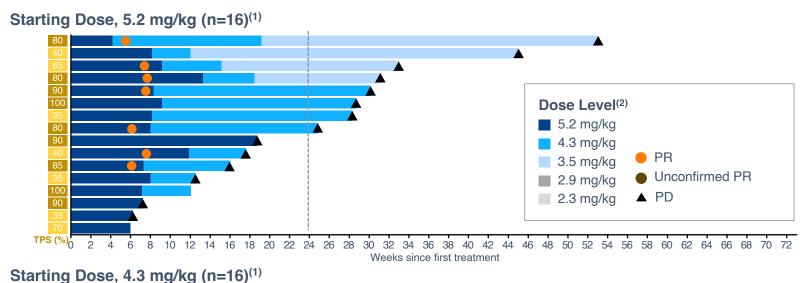
^{1.} Data on FolRα-selected patients who are evaluable for RECIST v1.1.

^{2.} Disease control includes SD ≥ 6 weeks.

Patients Had Durable Responses even with Dose Modifications

Patients who started at the higher dose experienced rapid time to response





Dose Intensity by Starting Dose (N=44)⁽³⁾

	5.2 mg/kg 4.3 mg/kg n=21 n=23					
Dose intensity (mg	/kg per week)					
Mean	1.2	1.0				
Min, max	0.8, 1.6	0.7, 1.5				
Relative dose intensity (%)						
Mean	66.8	72.4				
Min, max	48.5, 90.7	46.3, 105.1				

SS (%) 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72

Summary of Dose Modification (N=44)⁽³⁾

Patients (%)	5.2 mg/kg n=21	4.3 mg/kg n=23
Dose delay	20 (95.2%)	15 (65.2%)
Dose interruption	2 (9.5%)	0
Dose Reduction	16 (76.2%)	11 (47.8%)

Note: Data are as of April 18, 2023.

- 1. Data are from Cohort A of Phase 1 dose expansion on FolRα-selected patients who are evaluable for RECIST v1.1.
- 2. Patients are dosed Q3W, and patient scans generally coincide with every other cycle.
- 3. Data on all 44 patients in Cohort A of Phase 1 dose expansion, including patients who are FolRa-unselected and patients who are not RECIST v1.1 evaluable; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response.





Most Common Treatment-Emergent Adverse Event was Neutropenia

No new safety signals were observed, including the absence of meaningful drug-related ocular and lung AEs

Most Common Grade 3+ TEAEs (≥2 Subjects) by Dose and General Category

	4.3 mg/kg (n=23)			5.2 mg/kg (n=21)			Total (N=44)		
n (%)	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade !	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Subjects reporting at least 1 event	12 (52)	6 (26)	0	8 (38)	11 (52)	1 (5)	20 (45)	17 (39)	1 (2)
Hematological									
Neutropenia ⁽¹⁾	10 (43)	5 (22)	0	4 (19)	11 (52)	1 (5)	14 (32)	16 (36)	1 (2)
Febrile neutropenia	1 (4)	0	0	0	0	1 (5)	1 (2)	0	1 (2)
White blood cell count decreased	5 (22)	1 (4)	0	2 (10)	2 (10)	0	7 (16)	3 (7)	0
Platelet count decreased	2 (9)	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	4 (9)	0	0
Thrombocytopenia	0	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Anemia	1 (4)	0	0	5 (24)	0	0	6 (14)	0	0
Pain-related									
Neuralgia	2 (9)	0	0	1 (5)	0	0	3 (7)	0	0
Arthralgia	6 (26)	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	8 (18)	0	0
Bone pain	1 (4)	0	0	1 (5)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Gastrointestinal									
Small intestinal obstruction	2 (9)	0	0	1 (5)	0	0	3 (7)	0	0
Large intestinal obstruction	0	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Diarrhea	2 (9)	0	0	0	1 (5)	0	2 (5)	1 (2)	0
Vomiting	0	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Other									
Fatigue	3 (13)	0	0	1 (5)	0	0	4 (9)	0	0
Hyponatremia	3 (13)	0	0	0	0	0	3 (7)	0	0
Cataract	2 (9)	0	0	0	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Activated partial thromboplastin time prolonged	2 (9)	0	0	0	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Dehydration	1 (4)	0	0	1 (5)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Acute kidney injury	0	0	0	2 (10)	0	0	2 (5)	0	0
Pulmonary embolism	2 (9)	0	0	0	0	0	2 (5)	0	0

- Neutropenia was the most common G3+ AE and the most common reason for dose reduction
 - Higher incidence at 5.2 mg/kg
 - Other G3+ hematological TEAEs infrequently required dose modifications
- Arthralgia was the second most common G3+ and second most common TEAE leading to dose reduction
- Other G3+ TEAE which were unrelated to study drug
 - G3+ large and small intestinal obstructions as complications of metastatic cancer
 - G3+ acute kidney injury attributed to concomitant AEs (sepsis and dehydration) and not direct drug injury
 - G3+ pulmonary embolism in 2 patients

Note: Data are as of April 18, 2023 on all patients enrolled in Phase 1 dose expansion Cohort A.

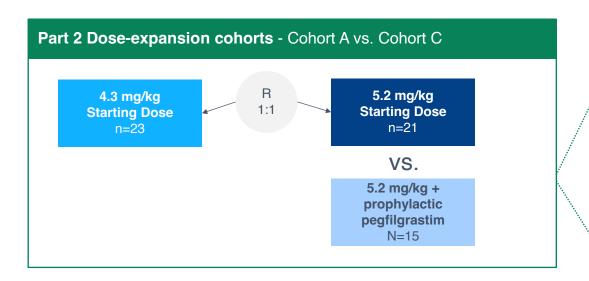
^{1.} Neutropenia included the following preferred terms: neutropenia, febrile neutropenia, and neutrophil count decreased.

AE, adverse events; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event

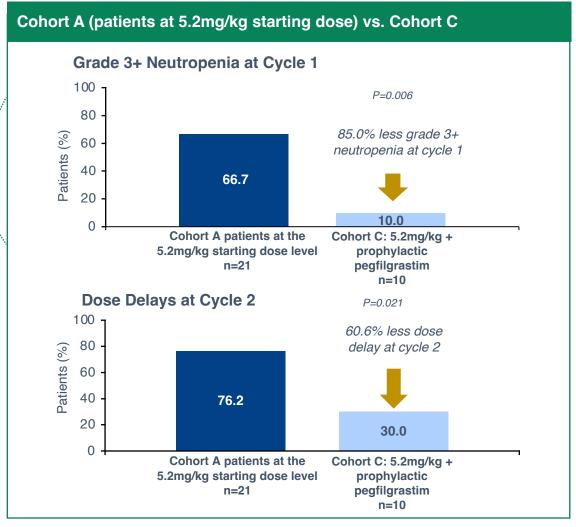
LUVELTA Dose Expansion Cohort A & C

Cohort C Potentially Enables Prospective Neutropenia Management

Prophylactic use of pegfilgrastim reduced Grade 3+ neutropenia and dose delays



- Use of prophylactic pegfilgrastim on day 8 per protocol in Cohort C reduced Grade 3+ neutropenia at Cycle 1 by 85%, when compared to Cohort A
- On average, patients in Cohort A at the 5.2 mg/kg dose level were delayed in their dose for ~10 days
- Dose delays were decreased by 60.6% in Cohort C, when compared to Cohort A



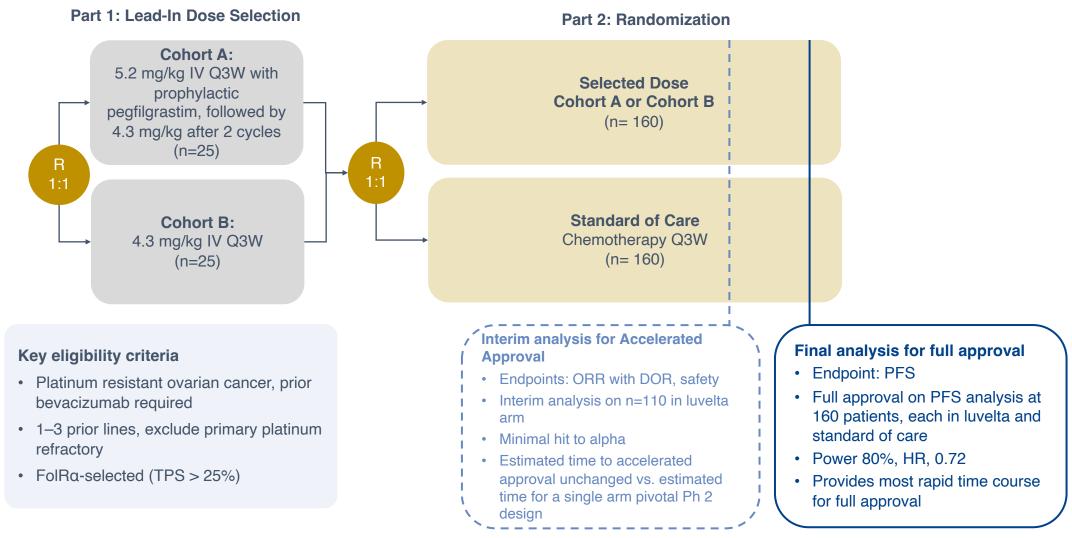
Note: Cohort A data are as of April 18, 2022. Cohort C data are as of December 8, 2022.



Clinical Integrated Strategy for Phase 2/3 Study, REFRaME



Integrated design to potentially support accelerated and full approvals in platinum-resistant ovarian cancer



HR, hazard ratio; IV, intravenous; Q3W, every 3 weeks.

TPS, tumor proportion score; ORR, overall response rate; DOR, duration of response; PFS, progression free survival; HR, hazard ratio.

Early Evidence Of Anti-tumor Activity with Luvelta in FolRa Expressing EC Initial data from an Endometrial Cancer dose-expansion cohort



October 22, 2023, Mini Oral Presentation at ESMO Congress, 741MO: Luveltamab tazevibulin (STRO-002), an antifolate receptor alpha (FoIRa) antibody drug conjugate (ADC), demonstrates clinical activity in recurrent/progressive epithelial endometrial cancer (EEC): STRO-002-GM1 phase I dose expansion

Bhavana Pothuri, R. Wendel Naumann, Lainie P. Martin, David M. O'Malley, Denise Uyar, John W. Moroney, John Paul Diaz, Jesus Garcia-Donas, Andres Redondo, Antonio Gonzalez Martin, David Garcia Illescas, Lin Lu, Craig J. Berman, Ana Oaknin

Background

- Endometrial cancer (EC) is the only gynecologic malignancy with increasing incidence and mortality¹
- Folate receptor alpha (FolRα) is a validated anti-tumor target in ovarian cancer that is overexpressed in EC compared with normal tissue²
- Luvelta has potential as a targeted therapy for recurrent FolRα-expressing EC

Patients

- 17 EC patients were enrolled, 59% of whom had FolRα expression ≥1%-25%, with the remainder >25%
- Median age: 68 years; median time since diagnosis: 1.9 years; median prior therapies: 2
- 100% had prior platinum therapy, 24% had prior PD-(L)1 inhibitor treatment, and 53% had prior pelvic irradiation

Results

- No new safety signals were observed in EC compared to prior data in EOC
- The most common grade 3/4 AEs were neutropenia, anemia, and arthralgia
- Of the 16 response evaluable patients, a partial response in 19% with a disease control rate of 69% was seen
- In patients with FolRα >25%, a partial response in 29% with a disease control rate of 86% was seen

Conclusions

- Recurrent EC had high incidence of FolRa expression ≥1% (68% among 44 pts)
- Luvelta (STRO-002) demonstrated encouraging preliminary anti-tumor activity in patients with FolRαexpressing EC with minimum and higher expression levels
- The safety profile of Luvelta was predictable, and AEs were manageable
- Luvelta may offer a targeted treatment option and warrants further development for recurrent EC

From Pothuri B, et al. Presented at ESMO 2023. Mini Oral 741. Content based on final oral presentation on October 22, 2023.

1. Siegel RL, et al. *CA Cancer J Clin.* 2023;73(1):17–48. 2. Despierre E, et al. *Gynecol Oncol.* 2013;130:192–199. 7. Li X, et al. *Mol Cancer Ther.* 2023;22:155–167. 8. Oaknin A, at al. Presented at ASCO 2023 Annual Meeting; June 2–6, 2023; Chicago, IL. Abstract 5508. ORR, overall response rate; mPFS; median progression free survival; mOS, median overall survival.





STRO-003: A Novel ROR1 Targeted ADC is Designed for Purpose



ROR1 biology makes it an attractive ADC target

ROR1: Role in cancer progression and expressed in tumor and tumor-initiating cells

Low potential for on-target toxicity due to restricted normal tissue expression and clinical safety validation



Expansive indication space in oncology

Clinical validation of ROR1 in hematological malignancies and broad potential opportunity in solid tumors, including large indications such as NSCLC and breast cancer



Potential for attractive clinical performance

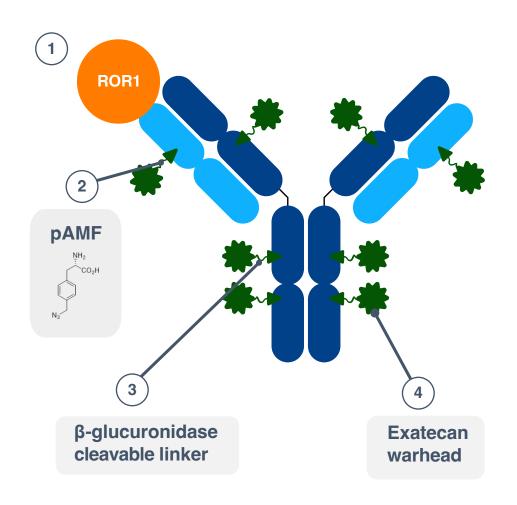
Low copy number and heterogeneous expression of ROR1 antigen in tumors favors potent ADCs with great tolerability

STRO-003's optimized linker design and payload selection—along with precise positioning of 8 linker-payloads per antibody—provides **potent efficacy** in low antigen expressing human tumors (PDX) and has been tolerable in preclinical studies



Sutro's Innovative Design: STRO-003 Is a Novel, Conjugation Site-Optimized ROR1 ADC

Eight Topoisomerase-1 Inhibitors per mAb Coupled With β-Glucuronidase Cleavable Linkers

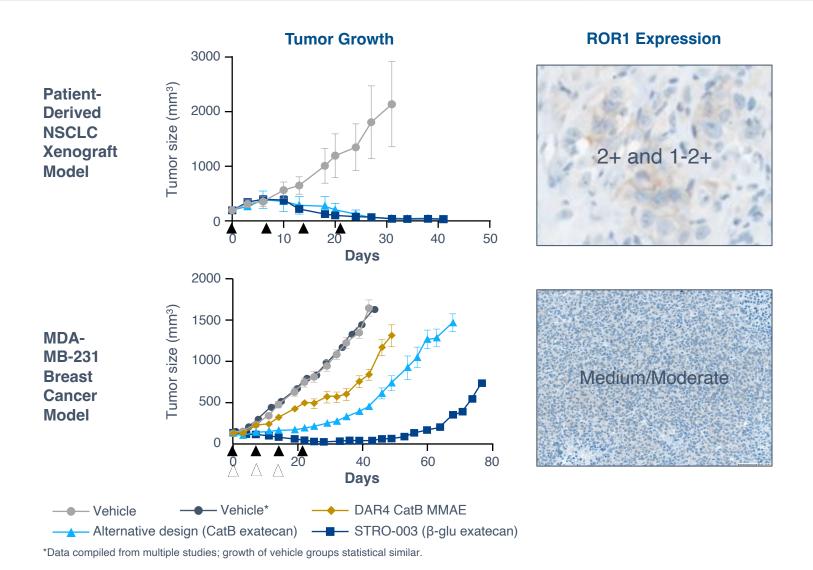


STRO-003 is a single homogeneous ADC with a drugantibody ratio (DAR) of 8, targeting ROR1 tumor antigen

- Targeted ROR1 epitope is overexpressed in diverse cancers including hematological and solid tumor indications
- Precisely positioned non-natural amino acids, p-azidomethyl-L-phenylalanine (pAMF) to enable DAR8 and optimized conjugation sites for enhanced performance and stability
- Stable β-glucuronidase cleavable linkers demonstrate tumor specificity and encouraging preclinical tolerability. Preclinical data has shown marked improvement over protease cleavable linkers regarding neutropenia and lung tolerability issues seen with tubulin and Topoisomerase-1 (TOPO-1) inhibitors in the clinic
- Exatecan warhead inhibits TOPO-1 and causes DNA disruption. It elicits potent tumor cell killing, has bystander activity, and mediates immunogenic cell death

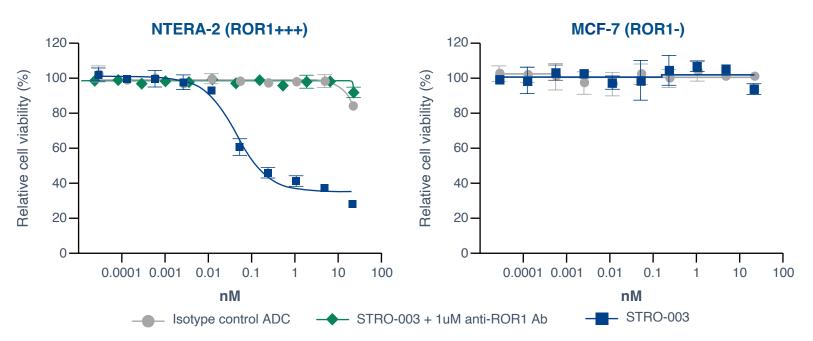
Demonstrated Anti-Tumor Activity in Nonclinical NSCLC and Breast Cancer Models

Nonclinical models of anti-tumor activity across low and heterogenous ROR1 antigen levels



- STRO-003 demonstrated complete regression of human patient-derived NSCLC xenografts expressing low and heterogeneous ROR1 antigen levels in preclinical studies
 - STRO-003 is efficacious in the PDX models (10 mg/kg qw × 4) validating the release and potent activity of the β-glu exatecan payload
- STRO-003 showed potent anti-tumor activity in MDA-MB-231 breast cancer model with moderate ROR1 expression
 - STRO-003 demonstrated better tumor regression activity than a comparator ADC with an alternative CatB-cleavable linker exatecan payload, which is more similar in design molecules currently in development by others

Well Tolerated in Preclinical Toxicity Models at High Dose Levels—Potentially Reducing Lung Toxicity While Demonstrating ROR1-dependent In Vitro Tumor Killing

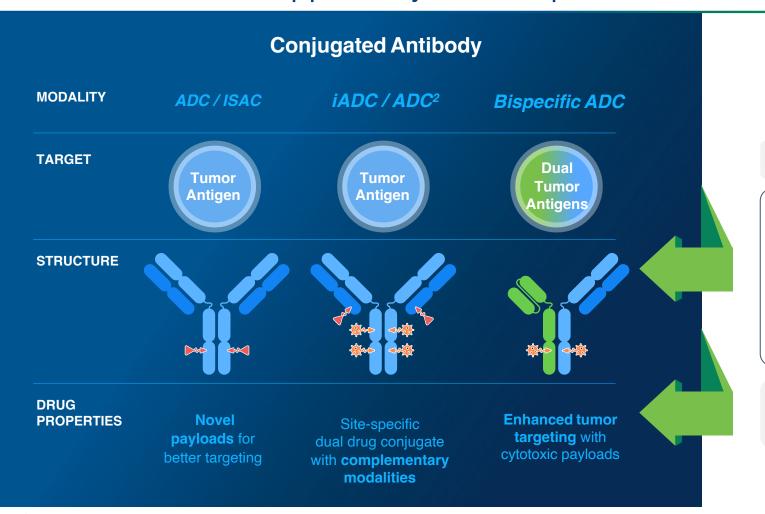


Safety

- STRO-003 was well tolerated in rodent and NHP exploratory toxicity studies
 - In rats, no observed neutropenia, no elevation of liver enzymes at high doses (60 mg/kg)
 - In a multi-dose non-GLP NHP study, no SAEs observed up to 45 mg/kg × 2
 - No observed neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, ocular toxicities, or lung histopathology (ILD/pneumonitis)
 - Modest changes in red blood cells were observed at 45 mg

- STRO-003 demonstrates potent ROR1-dependent tumor cell killing in vitro
- STRO-003 was well tolerated in two relevant preclinical toxicity models at high doses
- STRO-003 has impressive preclinical efficacy and appears to have potentially reduced lung toxicity a concern that is commonly associated with TOPO-1 class payload ADCs

Sutro's Flexibility in Design and Innovative Toolkit Provide the Potential for Superior Solutions and the Opportunity for an Improved Patient Experience



1. Mono- or Bispecific TAA Targeting

Toolkit of Fit-to-Purpose Linker-Payloads

- DNA targeting / tubulin targeting cytotoxins
- Immune modulators
- Other mechanistically synergistic payloads
- Proprietary cleavable / non-cleavable linkers

2. Single <u>or</u> Dual Conjugations of Different Mechanisms

Our ADC design process delivers optimized and consistent product candidates, designed to benefit broader patient populations and provide a solution for unwanted ADC class effects

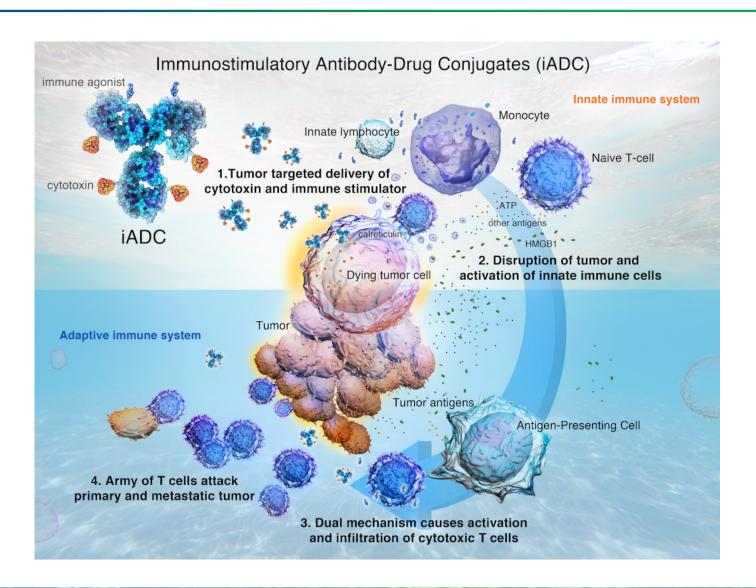


New Modality for Cold Tumors: Immunostimulatory Antibody Drug Conjugate (iADC) Featuring dual drug conjugation technology with both cytotoxin and immune modulator

Strategic iADC Collaboration Initiated on June 27, 2022



- \$90M upfront to develop iADCs for up to three targets
- Research activities are being conducted for two targets, representing two distinct programs
- \$422.5M in development, regulatory and commercial milestones for each product candidate, plus tiered royalties ranging from lowdouble digit to mid-teen percentages
- Builds on success of Sutro's ADC platform and engineering expertise
- Leverages Astellas' primary focus on immunooncology
- Sutro has the option to share costs/profits for U.S. product development
- Sutro retained option to develop iADCs outside of/beyond this collaboration in other targets





Financial Overview – September 30, 2023 Well-capitalized through multiple funding sources

\$321.1 M(1)(3)

in cash, cash equivalents & marketable securities

Projected cash runway into 1H 2025(3),

based on current business plans and assumptions

~0.7M shares of Vaxcyte

(Nasdaq: PCVX) not included in the above reported cash

Funding generated from our collaborators of ~\$785M(2)(3)

^{1.} Does not include the value of Sutro's holdings of Vaxcyte common stock (Nasdaq: PCVX).

^{2.} Includes payments and equity investments received through September 30, 2023.

^{3.} Does not include the impact of amounts received, receivable, and related to potential milestone payments from the Nov 2023 exercise by Vaxcyte of the option under the cell-free extract manufacturing rights agreement with Sutro.

Experienced Leadership Team



William Newell, JD Chief Executive Officer and Member of the Board of Directors



Anne Borgman, MD Chief Medical Officer



Brunilda Shtylla, MBA Chief Business Officer



Ed Albini, MBA Chief Financial Officer



Hans-Peter Gerber, PhD Chief Scientific Officer



Jane Chung, RPh President and Chief Operating Officer



Linda Fitzpatrick Chief People and Communications Officer



Nicki Vasquez, PhD Chief Portfolio Strategy and Alliance Officer



Venkatesh Srinivasan, PhD Chief Technical Operations Officer





























































